

BASEL 3 Regulatory Liquidity Disclosures

For the six Months ended 30th June 2024

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) for the quarter ended 30th June 2024

Introduction

In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management (LM). The regulations require Bahraini bank licensees to meet a minimum Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) of 100% on a daily basis. The objective of the LCR is to improve resilience of banks' short-term liquidity risk profile by ensuring that they have sufficient level of high-quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to honor net cash outflows and survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of up to 30 days.

GFH Financial Group Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The group has reported an average LCR for the period of 240% for Q2 2024.

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) Portfolio

Assets qualify as HQLA if they can be easily and immediately converted into cash at little or no loss of value under stress circumstances. HQLA comprises of Level 1, Level 2A, and Level 2B liquid assets. Level 1 assets comprise of an unlimited share of the total pool and are not subject to haircuts. A 15 % haircut is applied to the current market value of each level 2A asset held in the stock of HQLA. Level 2B liquid assets, are considered less liquid and more volatile than Level 2A liquid assets.

GFH has constantly maintained a robust portfolio of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to support its liquidity position. The Group's total adjusted weighted HQLA for the reporting period has increased by 11% for Q2 2024 compared to Q1 2024.

Net Cash out Flow

The term total net cash outflows is defined as the total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows in the specified stress scenario for the subsequent 30 calendar days. GFH calculates its outflows on the basis of total expected cash outflows of various categories or types of liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments such as Deposits repayments and Term debts by the rates at which they are expected to run off or be drawn down.

Total expected cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables such as money market placements and other non-HQLA securities funded by the Group; by the rates at which they are expected to flow out under the scenario up to an aggregate cap of 75% on total expected inflows as % of total expected cash outflows.

(USD'000)

		Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)
High	Quality Liquid Assets		
1	Total HQLA		561,223
Cash	noutflows		
2	Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		
3	Stable Deposits	40,209	1,206
4	Less Stable Deposits	739,407	73,941
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which		
6	Operational Deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	-	-
7	Non- Operational Deposits (all counterparties)	1,125,559	745,942
8	unsecured sukuk	-	-
9	secured wholesale funding		113,438
10	additional requirements of which;		
11	outflows related to shariaa compliant hedging instruments exposures and other collateral requirements		-
12	outflows related to loss of funding on financing products	-	-
13	credit and liquidity facilities	96,616	8,566
14	other contractual funding obligations	760	304
15	other contingent funding obligations	115,975	5,799
16	Total Cashoutflows		949,195
Casł	ninflows	1	1
17	secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-
18	inflows from fully performing exposures	1,195,028	1,179,173
19	other cash inflows	-	-
20	total cash inflows	1,195,028	711,896
			Total Adjusted Value
21	Total HQLA		561,223
22	Total Net Cash outflow		237,299
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		240%

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR) for the quarter ended 30th June 2024

Introduction

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is defined as the amount of available stable funding (ASF) relative to the amount of Required stable funding (RSF) This ratio should be equal to at least 100% on an ongoing basis. In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued the regulations to banks operating in Bahrain on the reporting of the Net Stable Funding Ratio effective 31 March 2019.

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR)

The Group's NSFR stood at 132% as at 30th June 2024.

Available Stable Funding (ASF)

ASF is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to 1 year. The Group reported Total weighted ASF value was USD 9,121 mn.

Required Stable Funding (RSF)

RSF is defined as the portion of assets and OBS exposures expected to be funded on an ongoing basis over a 1-year horizon. The total weighted RSF stood at USD 6,911 mn.

No.	Item	No Specified Maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value
Avail	able Stable Funding (ASF):	· · ·				
1	Capital:				1	
2	Regulatory Capital	953,060		-	73,471	1,026,531
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:					
5	Stable deposits	-	161,520	42,773	2,964	197,043
6	Less stable deposits	-	2,457,037	734.449	133,885	3,006,223
7	Wholesale funding:		, - ,			
3	Operational deposits					
9	Other Wholesale funding	-	3,650,787	1,342,099	873,354	4,830,111
10	Other liabilities:					
11	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities		-	-	-	
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	370,447	-	61,802	61,802
13	Total ASF					9,121,709
Roau	ired Stable Funding (RSF):					
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					98.293
5	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes					00,200
16	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:	-	1,301,248	-	1,160,492	1,181,605
17	Performing financial to financial institutions by level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA					
18	and unsecured performing financing to financial institutions	-	74,928	77,516	1,146,167	1,050,465
	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to retail					
	and small business customers, and financing to sovereigns, central banks					
19	and PSEs, of which:	-	124,931	123,120	366,961	362,550
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB Capital					
20	Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital					
22	Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
23	Securities/sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA,		962,862	146,125	444.612	999,106
23 24	including exchange-traded equities Other assets:	-	902,002	140,125	444,012	999,100
24 25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					
	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts	-				-
26	contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets		-		-	896
_/	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of					
28	variation margin posted		-	_	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	3.144.346	-	-	-	3.144.346
30	OBS items		-	1 -	-	74,655
31	Total RSF		2,463,970	346,761	3,118,232	6,911,916
32	NSFR(%)		,		.,,====	132%