

BASEL 3 Regulatory Liquidity Disclosures

For the nine Months ended 30th September 2023

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) for the quarter ended 30th September 2023

Introduction

In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management (LM). The regulations require Bahraini bank licensees to meet a minimum Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) of 100% on a daily basis. The objective of the LCR is to improve resilience of banks' short-term liquidity risk profile by ensuring that they have sufficient level of high-quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to honor net cash outflows and survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of up to 30 days.

GFH Financial Group Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The group has reported an average LCR for the period of 227% for Q3 2023.

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) Portfolio

Assets qualify as HQLA if they can be easily and immediately converted into cash at little or no loss of value under stress circumstances. HQLA comprises of Level 1, Level 2A, and Level 2B liquid assets. Level 1 assets comprise of an unlimited share of the total pool and are not subject to haircuts. A 15 % haircut is applied to the current market value of each level 2A asset held in the stock of HQLA. Level 2B liquid assets, are considered less liquid and more volatile than Level 2A liquid assets.

GFH has constantly maintained a robust portfolio of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to support its liquidity position. The Group's total adjusted weighted HQLA for the reporting period has increased by 14% for Q3 2023 compared to Q2 2023.

Net Cash out Flow

The term total net cash outflows is defined as the total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows in the specified stress scenario for the subsequent 30 calendar days. GFH calculates its outflows on the basis of total expected cash outflows of various categories or types of liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments such as Deposits repayments and Term debts by the rates at which they are expected to run off or be drawn down.

Total expected cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables such as money market placements and other non-HQLA securities funded by the Group; by the rates at which they are expected to flow out under the scenario up to an aggregate cap of 75% on total expected inflows as % of total expected cash outflows.

(USD'000)

		Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)					
High Quality Liquid Assets								
1	Total HQLA		562,124					
Cash outflows								
2	Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:							
3	Stable Deposits	42,607	1,278					
4	Less Stable Deposits	750,699	75,070					
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which							
6	Operational Deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	-	-					
7	Non- Operational Deposits (all counterparties)	1,001,328	609,422					
8	unsecured sukuk	-	-					
9	secured wholesale funding		291,294					
10	additional requirements of which;							
11	outflows related to shariaa compliant hedging instruments exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-					
12	outflows related to loss of funding on financing products	-	-					
13	credit and liquidity facilities	120,299	11,355					
14	other contractual funding obligations	828	331					
15	other contingent funding obligations	197,022	10,141					
16	Total Cashoutflows		998,560					
Cas	sh inflows							
17	secured ledning (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-					
18	inflows from fully performing exposures	1,668,801	1,661,842					
19	other cash inflows	-	-					
20	total cash inflows	1,671,695	748,920					
			Total Adjusted Value					
21	Total HQLA		562,124					
22	Total Net Cash outflow		249,640					
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		227%					

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR) for the quarter ended 30th September 2023

Introduction

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is defined as the amount of available stable funding (ASF) relative to the amount of Required stable funding (RSF) This ratio should be equal to at least 100% on an ongoing basis. In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued the regulations to banks operating in Bahrain on the reporting of the Net Stable Funding Ratio effective 31 March 2019.

Net Stable Fund Ratio (NSFR)

The Group's NSFR stood at 106% as at 30th September 2023.

Available Stable Funding (ASF)

ASF is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to 1 year. The Group reported Total weighted ASF value was USD 6,827 mn.

Required Stable Funding (RSF)

RSF is defined as the portion of assets and OBS exposures expected to be funded on an ongoing basis over a 1-year horizon. The total weighted RSF stood at USD 6,451 mn.

No.	Item	No Specified Maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value		
Available Stable Funding (ASF):								
1	Capital:							
2	Regulatory Capital	994,770	-	-	62,622	1,057,392		
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	=	-		
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:							
5	Stable deposits		153,200	38,951	5,835	188,378		
6	Less stable deposits	-	2,443,953	334,210	371,352	2,871,699		
7	Wholesale funding:							
8	Operational deposits							
9	Other Wholesale funding	-	4,096,897	305,161	1,338,517	2,613,012		
10	Other liabilities:							
11	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities		-	-	-			
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	421,776	-	96,700	96,700		
13	Total ASF					6,827,181		
Required Stable Funding (RSF):								
	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)							
14						105,023		
	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational							
15	purposes							
16	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:	-	1,521,877	-	847,804	948,915		
17	Performing financial to financial institutions by level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-		
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-							
	level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing financing to financial							
18	institutions	-	17,595	905	1,131,311	970,864		
	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients,							
	financing to retail and small business customers, and financing							
19	to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	254,360	104,031	292,738	369,475		
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB							
20	Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	-	-		
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	_	_	_	_	_		
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB							
22	Capital Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	_	_	_	_	_		

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23	Securities/sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	_	926,451	26,284	578,508	1,054,875
24	Other assets:		>20, .61	20,20	270,000	1,00 1,070
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-
	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging					
26	contracts contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	-
27	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets		-	=	-	4,412
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before					
28	deduction of variation margin posted		-	=	=	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	2,939,190	-	=	=	2,939,190
30	OBS items		-	-	-	58,384
31	Total RSF		2,720,283	131,221	2,850,360	6,451,138
32	NSFR(%)					106%